

**WP3: « Design and Engineering for Vessel Production Improvement »**

**WP4: « Smart manufacturing approach for developing shipyard 4.0 strategy »**

**First Information Day – 01/07/2021**

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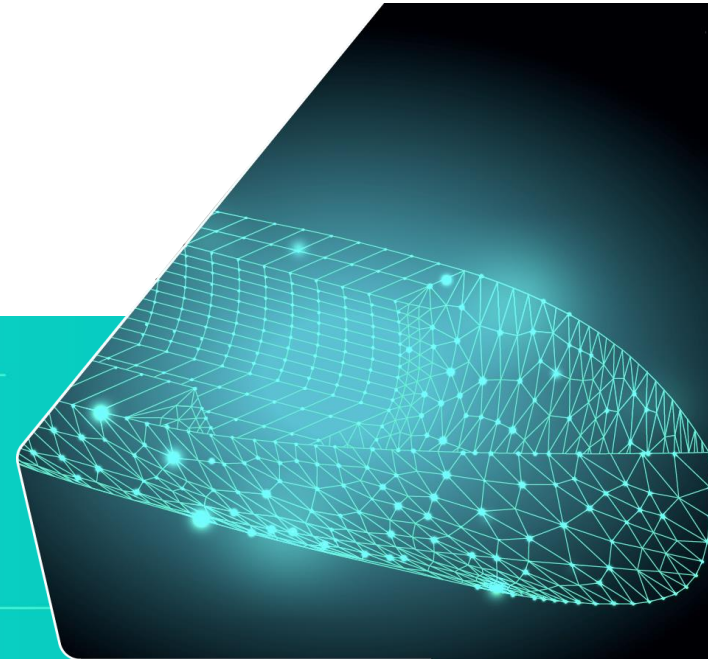
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## WP3 objectives and tasks



- ❑ Develop specific numerical models in order to simulate composites with the developed technologies:
  - Constitutive model for **thermoplastics**.
  - Beam model for **pultruded profiles**.
  - Numerical model for **3D printed composites**.
  - Numerical multi-model for **composite connections**.
- ❑ Implement such numerical models in already existing CAE/FEM tools (TdynRamSeries), so that they can be incorporated among the vessels' design and engineering tools.
- ❑ Engineer and develop two modular vessel designs: **patrol motorboat** and **passenger catamaran**.
- ❑ Re-design and optimize both vessel designs, in order to adapt their manufacturing to the advanced production methods presented in the project.
- ❑ Enable both designs for Industry/Shipyard4.0 standards.
- ❑ Thoroughly study and account for the mechanical performance of the connections between the different vessels' modules.
- ❑ Gather adapted guidelines for the re-design and the production with advanced technologies, so that they comply with standard and Rules.

# WP3 Implementation plan



- ✓ WP materials mapping and selection

**SELECTED MATERIALS**

**RULES**

- ✓ 3D printing
- ✓ Curved molds
- ✓ Pultrusion composite beams
- ✓ Advanced connection techniques)

**SELECTED TECHNOLOGIES**

**VESSEL DESIGN  
ENGINEERING/OPTIMIZATION  
MOTOR BOAT/CATAMARAN**

- ✓ Thermoplastics constitutive model
- ✓ Pultrusion Beam model
- ✓ 3D Printed composites numerical model
- ✓ Composite connections numerical multi-model

**SELECTED NUMERICAL TOOLS**

# WP3 Implementation plan: Design/Engineering/Optimization

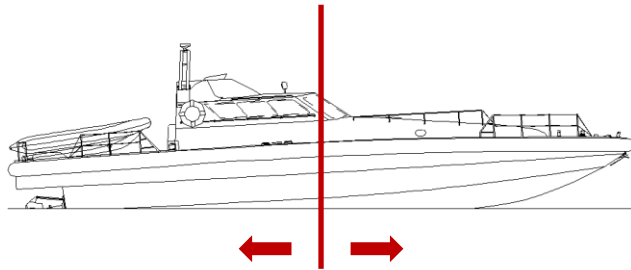


## MOTOR BOAT

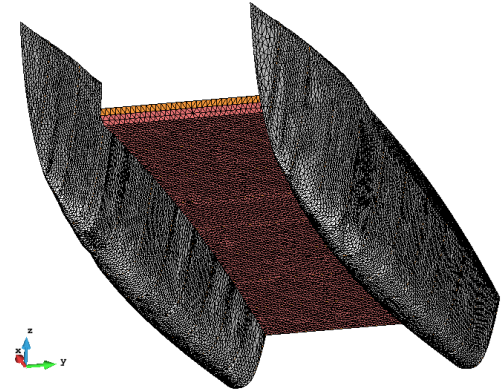
- Two 3D printed halves.
- Modules connection techniques.
- Internal structure layout redefinition.
- Verification of resultant design: Naval architecture and structure FEA.
- Verify compliance with rules.

## CATAMARAN (TSI)

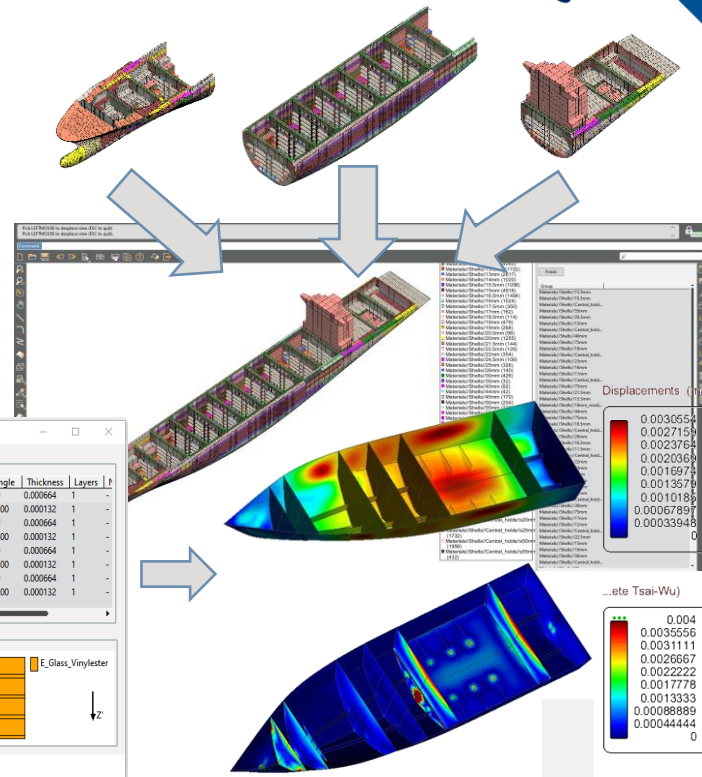
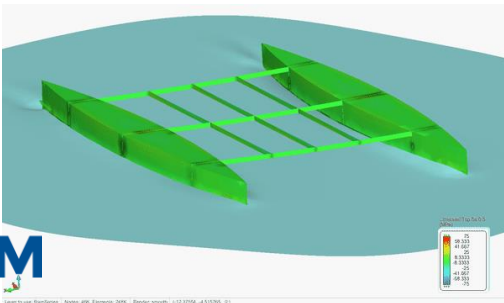
- Superstructure with curved panels.
- Use of pultruded reinforcements.
- Connection techniques.
- Verification of resultant design: Naval architecture and structure FEA
- Verify compliance with rules.



- Modular production optimization
- Assembly/connection of modules optimization
- Attachment of reinforcements optimization
- Production/assembly compliance with rules verification
- Optimize production of curved panels
- Optimize production with pultruded reinforcements
- Optimize assembly/connection of S/E with hull
- Optimize S/E aerodynamics



# WP3 Implementation plan: CAE/FEA Tools for Design/Engineering/Optimization



◆ Fibre-Resin Composites definition

Properties input

Composite layer		Fibre		Resin	
Name	Composite_1a	Name	Fibre_1	Name	Resin_1
Layer Type	Uni	Ero	73100.0 N/mm2	Er	3550.0 N/mm2
Fibre type	EGlass	E90	73100.0 N/mm2	Density	1.20 g/cm3
Resin type	Epoxy	Density	2.57 g/cm3	G	1350.0 N/mm2
% Reinforcement	65	G	30000.0 N/mm2	v	0.28
Ceq	1.0				
Mass of reinforcement	200 g/m2				

Orthotropic

Description

Ready to define composite materials  
Added Orthotropic\_1 orthotropic in GUI

Display composite properties (Classic Rule Of Mixtures)

Resulting composite properties		Resulting composite stresses	
Thickness	0.00016756 m	Sc1	6.4532e+08 N/m2
E1	3.3851e+10 N/m2	Sc2	1.1711e+08 N/m2
E2	7.5554e+09 N/m2	Sk1	9.6798e+08 N/m2
G12	3.0069e+09 N/m2	Sk2	3.1733e+08 N/m2
G13	3.0069e+09 N/m2	T12	5.4124e+07 N/m2
G23	2.1048e+09 N/m2	T13	5.4124e+07 N/m2
Specific weight	17995.3558 N/m3	T23	5.262e+07 N/m2
nu	0.2938		

◆ Composite laminate

Laminate definition

Laminate name: LeoSystem\_0

Constitutive model: Serial\_Parallel

Material: E\_Glass\_Vinyle

Sequence: [45, -45]

Number of layers: 1

Fiber angle: 0.0 deg

Thickness: 0.0 m

Laminate composition

Material	Angle	Thickness	Layers
E_Glass_Vinylester	0.0	0.000664	1
E_Glass_Vinylester	90.0	0.000132	1
E_Glass_Vinylester	0.0	0.000664	1
E_Glass_Vinylester	90.0	0.000132	1
E_Glass_Vinylester	0.0	0.000664	1
E_Glass_Vinylester	90.0	0.000132	1
E_Glass_Vinylester	0.0	0.000664	1
E_Glass_Vinylester	90.0	0.000132	1

Visual description

Previously defined laminates

Existing laminates: sample\_laminate\_Serial\_Parallel

Total laminate thickness: 0.003194 m

# WP3 Expected Impacts within the FIBRE4YARDS impact axis

- 1. Impact axis 1 – Competitiveness and Growth for Small and Medium shipyards.**
  - Advanced engineering and production automation integration for FRP composites will:
    - ✓ **Shorten production lead times by 50%:** Automation (VS manual and artisanal labor) will improve production speed and quality consistency.
    - ✓ **Save 20-30% weight in produced structures:** High strength VS weight ratio of the materials. Integrated parts. Reduction of joints and fasteners.
    - ✓ **Lower corrosion issues:** Lower maintenance costs.
- 2. Impact axis 2 – Employment and Skills of European Workforce.**
  - Existing FRP labor, IT, design and engineering work force will **shift towards higher skilled tasks** through specific training, while new posts will also be created.
- 3. Impact axis 3 – Improved Environmental Performance.**
  - As a result of re-engineered designs for optimized and low energy-consuming FRP manufacturing processes.
- 4. Impact axis 6 – Regulations and Standards.**
  - New designs, and new specific numerical methodologies and tools for structural verification will require standards to be adapted.

## WP4 objectives and tasks

FIBRE4YARDS aims to define an **strategy** for the **development of a new generation of shipyards enabled with industry 4.0 technologies**. WP4 main tasks for such purposes are:

- ❑ Definition of a **monitoring system** based on IoT technologies for the control of the different production processes involved in the project, both in terms of factory maintenance and quality control.
- ❑ Development a physics-based and data-based **Digital Twin Model (DTM)** of the different production assets of the shipyard that can be fed by the data collected by the monitoring system, allowing for real-time control and maintenance of the different assets.
- ❑ Definition of the **cybersecurity** protocols and strategies to follow in order to guarantee data privacy and secure data flow through the network.
- ❑ **Definition** of IoT based smart applications and technologies that can be directly applied to shipbuilding in order to achieve the **shipyard 4.0** concept and consequently improve production and maintenance processes.



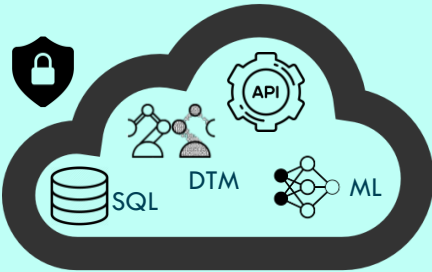
# WP4 Implementation plan

Predictive maintenance      Connectivity      Accessibility      Quality & production control      KPIs driven decisions



**SHIPYARD 4.0**




- DTM of every relevant asset.
- ML algorithms for predictive maintenance.



- Cybersecurity and data privacy.
- APIs to interact with the platform.

**SOFTWARE LAYER**

Asset analysis and KPI definition      Sensor selection and installation      Data ACQ and communication cabinets



**HARDWARE LAYER**

## WP4 Expected Impacts within the FIBRE4YARDS impact axis

- 1. Impact axis 1 – Competitiveness and Growth for Small and Medium shipyards.**
  - ✓ Shipyard 4.0 will favor production facility sharing and both improved efficiency and safety at work.
- 2. Impact axis 2 – Employment and Skills of European Workforce.**
  - ✓ Favoring a shift towards higher skilled jobs while maintaining a net positive job count.
- 3. Impact axis 3 – Improved Environmental Performance.**
  - ✓ Through the optimization of energy-consuming manufacturing processes as well as minimizing rejected parts.
- 4. Impact axis 5 – Maximize EU added value by minimizing technology leakage.**
  - ✓ Addressing cybersecurity as a highly relevant aspect throughout the whole work package.

**Thank you !**

[WWW.FIBRE4YARDS.EU](http://WWW.FIBRE4YARDS.EU)

